Build Back Better Act

Transformational investments in families, workers, and growing our economy - all without adding to our deficit

Investments in Children, Families and Caregiving that Grow the Economy's Capacity

- Universal Preschool for all 3- and 4-year-olds
 - o Expands access to free high-quality preschool for more than 6 million kids for six years
- Paid Family and Medical Leave
 - Permanently authorizes the first-ever paid leave benefit for U.S. workers. Starting in January 2024, workers would be eligible for up to four weeks of paid leave for new parents, workers dealing with their own serious medical conditions, and workers who need leave to care for a loved one with a serious medical issue

• Affordable High Quality Child Care

- Limits child care costs for families to no more than 7% of income, enabling states to expand access to about 20 million children. Parents must be working, seeking work, or taking care of a serious health issue
- High-Quality Care for Older Americans and People with Disabilities in Their Homes and Communities
 - Strengthens the existing Home and Community Based Services (HCBS) program through Medicaid by addressing the existing backlog for these services and improves wages and working conditions for home care workers
- Expanded Child Tax Credit (CTC)
 - Extends the current expanded CTC, with monthly payments for households. Makes refundability of the Child Tax Credit permanent

Affordable Health Care

- Affordable Care Act Premium Tax Credits
 - Extends the expanded Affordable Care Act premium tax credits (APTCs) through 2025 to cap health insurance costs for Americans. Experts predict that more than 3 million people who would otherwise be uninsured will gain health insurance
- Medicaid Expansion
 - Guarantees coverage to 4 million people by delivering the benefits of Medicaid to the 12 states, including Wisconsin, that have failed to fully expand Medicaid under the Affordable Care Act. This policy will improve access to comprehensive no-cost or low-cost health services for more Americans
- Medicare Hearing Coverage
 - Establishes a hearing benefit in Medicare, so seniors can access screenings and hearing aids at a price they can afford
- Lower Prescription Drugs Costs
 - Empowers Medicare to negotiate the price of prescription drug costs to deliver savings to seniors; creates a new cap on seniors out-of-pocket drug costs in the Medicare Part D program; ensures every American with health insurance will pay no more than \$35 per month on insulin; and prevents pharmaceutical companies from unfair excessive annual price increases

Strengthening our Middle Class

Housing

Invests in housing affordability and reduces price pressures, particularly in rural areas.
Funds will go towards building, preserving, and improving more than 1 million affordable rental and single-family homes, including public housing, plus rental and down payment assistance

• Education Beyond High School and Workforce Development

 Reduces costs and expands access to education beyond high school by raising the maximum Pell grant, and invests in the workforce, including community college workforce programs and apprenticeships

• Earned Income Tax Credit for 17 Million Workers

Extends for one year the current expanded Earned Income Tax Credit for childless workers

Investments in Rural Development, Farmers, and Clean and Affordable Energy

- Rural Development and Efforts to Help Rural Co-ops Transition to Greener Energies
 - o Invests in renewable biofuels infrastructure
- Clean Energy Tax Credits
 - Expands tax credits for dairy farmers hoping to utilize clean, renewable biogas technology
 - Ten-year expanded tax credits for clean energy, transmission and storage, clean passenger and commercial vehicles, and clean energy manufacturing

• Resilience Investments

- Investments and incentives to address extreme weather (floods, wildfires, droughts, and hurricanes, including in forestry, wetlands, and agriculture), legacy pollution, and a Civilian Climate Corps
- Investments and Incentives for Clean Energy Technology, Manufacturing, and Supply Chains
 - Includes targeted incentives to spur new domestic supply chains and technologies, like solar, batteries, and advanced materials, while boosting the competitiveness of existing industries, like steel and aluminum